

Worksheet: L06 – Predicate Calculus

CSCI-534: Robot Planning & Manipulation

Spring 2020

<http://www.neil.dantam.name/rpm/B06-pred.pdf>



1. **Predicates:** Use your “common sense” to assign truth values for the following predicates:

- (a) `transparent`(wood) =
- (b) `transparent`(glass) =
- (c) `transparent`(steel) =
- (d) `flammable`(wood) =
- (e) `flammable`(glass) =
- (f) `flammable`(steel) =

2. For predicate `denser`($?x, ?y$), express the following properties in FoL:

- (a) Irreflexive $a \not> a$
- (b) Antisymmetric $((a > b) \implies \neg(b > a))$
- (c) Transitive $((a > b) \wedge (b > c)) \implies (a > c)$

3. **Functions:** Use your “common sense” to assign values for the following functions:

- (a) `phasestp`(wood) =
- (b) `phasestp`(steel) =
- (c) `phasestp`(helium) =
- (d) `phasestp`(water) =

4. **Quantifiers:** Convert the following English descriptions into quantified first-order logic sentences:

- (a) “Some non-metal is not an insulator.”
- (b) “Every noble gas is a gas and is transparent.”
- (c) “All gasses are transparent.”

Name:

5. **Propositionalization:** Propositionalize the following first-order logic domain:

Objects: {methane, nitrogen, water}

Predicates:

- $\text{gas}(?x)$
- $\text{liquid}(?x)$
- $\text{flammable}(?x)$

Sentences:

(a) $\left(\forall x, \text{gas}(x) \iff \neg \text{liquid}(x) \right)$

(b) $\left(\exists x, \text{gas}(x) \wedge \text{flammable}(x) \right)$